## Calendar No. 179

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 1668

[Report No. 107-77]

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 26, 2001 Received

July 12, 2001

Read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

OCTOBER 1, 2001

Reported by Mr. BINGAMAN, without amendment

# AN ACT

To authorize the Adams Memorial Foundation to establish a commemorative work on Federal land in the District of Columbia and its environs to honor former President John Adams and his legacy.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. COMMEMORATIVE WORK TO HONOR JOHN
- 4 ADAMS AND HIS LEGACY.
- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Few families have contributed as profoundly
  2 to the United States as the family that gave the Na3 tion its second president, John Adams; its sixth
  4 president, John Quincy Adams; first ladies Abigail
  5 Smith Adams and Louisa Catherine Johnson
  6 Adams; and succeeding generations of statesmen,
  7 diplomats, advocates, and authors.
  - (2) John Adams (1735–1826), a lawyer, a statesman, and a patriot, was the author of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the oldest written constitution still in force), the leader of the Second Continental Congress, a driving force for independence, a negotiator of the Treaty of Paris (which brought the Revolutionary War to an end), the first Vice President, the second President, and an unwavering exponent of freedom of conscience and the rule of law.
  - (3) Abigail Smith Adams (1744–1818) was one of the most remarkable women of her time. Wife of former President John Adams and mother of former President John Quincy Adams, she was an early advocate for the rights of women and served the cause of liberty as a prolific writer, fierce patriot, and staunch abolitionist.

1 (4) John Quincy Adams (1767–1848), the son 2 of John and Abigail Adams, was a distinguished 3 lawyer, legislator, and diplomat and a master of 7 4 languages, who served as Senator, Minister to the 5 Netherlands under President George Washington, 6 Minister to Prussia under the first President Adams, 7 Minister to Great Britain under President James 8 Madison, chief negotiator of the Treaty of Ghent 9 (which ended the War of 1812), Secretary of State 10 under President James Monroe, author of the Mon-11 roe Doctrine (which declared the Western Hemi-12 sphere off limits to European imperial expansion), 13 sixth President, and the only former President to be elected to the House of Representatives, where he 14 15 was known as "Old Man Eloquent" and served with 16 great distinction as a leader in the fight against 17 slavery and a champion of unpopular causes.

- (5) Louisa Catherine Johnson Adams (1775–1852), the wife of former President John Quincy Adams, was an educated, accomplished woman and the only first lady born outside the United States. Like Abigail Adams, she wrote eloquently on behalf of the rights of women and in opposition to slavery.
- (6) Charles Francis Adams (1807–1886), the son of John Quincy and Louisa Adams, served 6

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- years in the Massachusetts legislature, was a steadfast abolitionist who received the Free Soil Party's
  vice-presidential nomination in 1848, was elected to
  his father's seat in the House of Representatives in
  faster's seat in the House of Representatives in
  during the Civil War, where his efforts were decisive
  in preventing the British Government from recognizing the independence of the Confederacy.
  - (7) Henry Adams (1838–1918), the son of Charles Francis Adams, was an eminent writer, scholar, historian, and public intellectual, and was the author of many celebrated works, including "Democracy", "The Education of Henry Adams", and his 9-volume "History of the United States during the Administrations of Jefferson and Madison".
  - (8) Both individually and collectively, the members of this illustrious family have enriched the Nation through their profound civic consciousness, abiding belief in the perfectibility of the Nation's democracy, and commitment to service and sacrifice for the common good.
  - (9) Although the Congress has authorized the establishment of commemorative works on Federal lands in the District of Columbia honoring such celebrated former Presidents as George Washington,

- 1 Thomas Jefferson, and Abraham Lincoln, the Na-
- 2 tional Capital has no comparable memorial to former
- 3 President John Adams.
- 4 (10) In recognition of the 200th anniversary of
- 5 the end of the presidency of John Adams, the time
- 6 has come to correct this oversight so that future
- 7 generations of Americans will know and understand
- 8 the preeminent historical and lasting significance to
- 9 the Nation of his contributions and those of his fam-
- 10 ily.
- 11 (b) Authority To Establish Commemorative
- 12 Work.—The Adams Memorial Foundation may establish
- 13 a commemorative work on Federal land in the District of
- 14 Columbia and its environs to honor former President John
- 15 Adams, along with his wife Abigail Adams and former
- 16 President John Quincy Adams, and the family's legacy of
- 17 public service.
- 18 (c) Compliance With Standards for Commemo-
- 19 RATIVE WORKS.—The establishment of the commemora-
- 20 tive work shall be in accordance with the Commemorative
- 21 Works Act (40 U.S.C. 1001, et seq.).
- 22 (d) Use of Federal Funds Prohibited.—Fed-
- 23 eral funds may not be used to pay any expense of the es-
- 24 tablishment of the commemorative work. The Adams Me-
- 25 morial Foundation shall be solely responsible for accept-

- 1 ance of contributions for, and payment of the expenses
- 2 of, the establishment of the commemorative work.
- 3 (e) Deposit of Excess Funds.—If, upon payment
- 4 of all expenses of the establishment of the commemorative
- 5 work (including the maintenance and preservation amount
- 6 provided for in section 8(b) of the Commemorative Works
- 7 Act (40 U.S.C. 1001, et seq.)), or upon expiration of the
- 8 authority for the commemorative work under section 10(b)
- 9 of such Act, there remains a balance of funds received for
- 10 the establishment of the commemorative work, the Adams
- 11 Memorial Foundation shall transmit the amount of the
- 12 balance to the Secretary of the Treasury for deposit in
- 13 the account provided for in section 8(b)(1) of such Act.
- 14 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- For purposes of this Act, the terms "commemorative
- 16 work" and "the District of Columbia and its environs"
- 17 have the meanings given to such terms in section 2 of the
- 18 Commemorative Works Act (40 U.S.C. 1002).

Passed the House of Representatives June 25, 2001.

Attest: JEFF TRANDAHL,

Clerk.

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### A BILL

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